APO-Zolpidem

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The <u>full CMI</u> on the next page has more details. If you are worried about using this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

WARNING: Important safety information is provided in a boxed warning in the full CMI. Read before using this medicine.

1. Why am I using APO-Zolpidem?

APO-Zolpidem contains the active ingredient zolpidem tartrate. APO-Zolpidem is used to initiate and maintain sleep in those with sleeping difficulties, also called insomnia in patients over 18 years of age. For more information, see Section 1. Why am I using APO-Zolpidem? in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I use APO-Zolpidem?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to zolpidem or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, have been drinking alcohol, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding. For more information, see Section 2. What should I know before I use APO-Zolpidem? in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with APO-Zolpidem and affect how it works. A list of these medicines is in Section 3. What if I am taking other medicines? in the full CMI.

4. How do I use APO-Zolpidem?

- In Adults: Usual dose is one 10 mg tablet taken just before bedtime.
- In people over 65 years of age: The dose is one 5 mg tablet taken just before bedtime.

More instructions can be found in Section 4. How do I use APO-Zolpidem? in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while using APO-Zolpidem?

Things you should do	 Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using APO-Zolpidem. If you become pregnant or suspect that you are pregnant while you are taking this medicine, stop taking it and tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately.
Things you should not do	 Do not take APO-Zolpidem if you have sleep apnoea, myasthenia gravis, severe liver problems, acute and / or severe lung problems or if you have previously experienced complex sleep behaviours such as sleep walking. Do not give APO-Zolpidem to a child or adolescent
Driving or using machines	You should not operate dangerous machinery or drive motor vehicles for 8 hours after you take it. You should also be careful the next morning when you wake up.
Drinking alcohol	You should not drink alcohol while you are taking APO-Zolpidem.
Looking after your medicine	Keep the medicine in a cool, dry place where the temperature stays below 30°C.

For more information, see Section 5. What should I know while using APO-Zolpidem? in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Common side effects: drowsiness, dizziness, headache, fatigue, worsened insomnia, hallucinations, delirium, nightmares, agitation, depression, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, nausea and vomiting, back pain, infections of the nose, throat and chest and loss of memory.

If any of the following happen, stop taking this medicine and tell your doctor immediately, or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital: swelling of the face, lips, mouth or throat, which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing, hives, fainting.



WARNING: ZOLPIDEM MAY BE ASSOCIATED WITH UNUSUAL AND POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS BEHAVIOURS WHILST APPARENTLY ASLEEP. THESE HAVE INCLUDED SLEEP WALKING, DRIVING MOTOR VEHICLES AND OTHER BIZARRE BEHAVIOURS. SOME MEDICINES MAY INTERACT WITH ZOLPIDEM AND PARTICULAR CAUTION IS NEEDED WITH OTHER DRUGS THAT MAY ALSO ACT ON THE BRAIN; BEFORE YOU TAKE ZOLPIDEM REFER TO THE "TAKING OTHER MEDICINES" SECTION BELOW OR ASK YOUR DOCTOR OR PHARMACIST. YOU MUST NOT DRINK ALCOHOL WHEN YOU TAKE ZOLPIDEM. DO NOT TAKE ZOLPIDEM FOR MORE THAN 4 WEEKS. IF YOUR SLEEP PROBLEMS CONTINUE, CONSULT YOUR DOCTOR.

APO-Zolpidem

Active ingredient(s): zolpidem tartrate

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about using APO-Zolpidem. You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using APO-Zolpidem.

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- 1. Why am I using APO-Zolpidem?
- 2. What should I know before I use APO-Zolpidem?
- 3. What if I am taking other medicines?
- 4. How do I use APO-Zolpidem?
- 5. What should I know while using APO-Zolpidem?
- 6. Are there any side effects?
- Product details

1. Why am I using APO-Zolpidem?

APO-Zolpidem contains the active ingredient zolpidem tartrate. APO-Zolpidem is used to initiate and maintain sleep in those with sleeping difficulties, also called insomnia in patients over 18 years of age. It is not recommended for use for more than 4 weeks at a time.

APO-Zolpidem has a different chemical structure to other sleeping tablets. APO-Zolpidem works by binding to special sites in the brain which produce sleep.

Your doctor, however, may prescribe APO-Zolpidem for another purpose.

2. What should I know before I use APO-Zolpidem?

Warnings

Do not use APO-Zolpidem if:

- you are allergic to zolpidem tartrate, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet Always check the ingredients to make sure you can use this medicine.
- you have been drinking alcohol or you believe that you may have alcohol in your bloodstream
- you have sleep apnoea (a condition where you temporarily stop breathing while you sleep)

- you have myasthenia gravis (a condition in which the muscles become weak and tire easily)
- you have severe liver problems
- you have acute and/or severe lung problems
- you have previously experienced complex sleep behaviours after taking this medicine including sleepwalking, sleep-driving, and/or engaging in other activities while not fully awake.

Do not give APO-Zolpidem to a child or adolescent under 18 years of age.

There is no experience with its use in children or adolescents under 18 years of age.

Check with your doctor if you:

- have any problems with your breathing or if you often snore while you are asleep
- have ever been addicted to alcohol or any drug or medicine or if you have ever suffered from a mental illness. If you have, you may be at risk of getting into a regular pattern or habit of taking APO-Zolpidem
- have or have had any other medical conditions especially the following: problems with your heart, liver, kidneys or lungs, epilepsy, depression, mental illness, for example, schizophrenia
- plan to have surgery
- have allergies to any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist if you have ever had a mental disorder or have abused or have been dependent on alcohol or drugs.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section 6. Are there any side effects?

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Check with your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

Like most medicines of this kind, APO-Zolpidem is not recommended to be used during pregnancy. Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of taking it if you are pregnant.

Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed.

APO-Zolpidem can pass into breast milk. Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of using it if you are breast-feeding or planning to breast-feed.

Do not take it after the expiry date (EXP) printed on the pack.

Do not take it if the packaging is damaged or shows signs of tampering.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with APO-Zolpidem and affect how it works.

Medicines that may <u>increase</u> the effect of APO-Zolpidem include:

- alcohol
- medicines to treat depression, anxiety and mental illness
- medicine used to produce calmness or to help you sleep
- medicines to treat epilepsy
- pain relievers
- muscle relaxants
- antihistamines
- ciprofloxacin a medicine used to treat infections
- · ketoconazole, a medicine to treat antifungal infections
- opioids

These medicines may increase drowsiness. This may affect your ability to drive a car or operate dangerous machinery. You may need to use different amounts of your medicine, or take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Medicines that may <u>reduce</u> the effect of APO-Zolpidem include:

- St John's Wort (also known as Hypericum), a herbal remedy used to treat depression
- rifampicin a medicine used to treat infection

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect APO-Zolpidem.

4. How do I use APO-Zolpidem?

How much to take

- The usual adult dose of APO-Zolpidem is one tablet (10 mg) taken just before you go to bed.
- If you are over 65 years of age the dose is half a APO-Zolpidem tablet (5 mg) taken just before you go to bed.
- If you have a liver problem, the usual recommended dose is half a APO-Zolpidem tablet (5 mg). Do not take APO-Zolpidem if you have a severe liver problem.
- Your doctor may have prescribed a different dose. The lowest effective daily dose should be used and must not exceed 10 mg. Follow the instructions provided

- and use APO-Zolpidem until your doctor tells you to stop.
- If you take the wrong dose, APO-Zolpidem may not work as well.
- If you take too much your consciousness may be impaired (see 'If you take too much APO-Zolpidem ' below).
- Ask your doctor if you are unsure of the correct dose for you. They will tell you exactly how much to take.

When to take / use APO-Zolpidem

- Take APO-Zolpidem immediately before you go to bed or while you are in bed
- APO-Zolpidem should only be taken when you are able to get a full night's sleep (7 to 8 hours) before you need to be active again. It should be taken in one dose and not be re-administered during the same night.

How long to take it

 Usually, APO-Zolpidem or any other medicines to treat sleeping disorders should only be used for short periods (e.g. 2 to 4 weeks). Continuous long term use is not recommended unless advised by your doctor.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure how long to take the medicine for.

How to take APO-Zolpidem

- Swallow the tablet whole with a full glass of water unless your doctor has told you take half a tablet.
- If you take APO-Zolpidem on an empty stomach it may work more quickly

If you forget to take APO-Zolpidem

APO-Zolpidem should be used regularly before you go to bed each night. If you miss your dose and you wake up late in the night or very early in the morning, do not take it. You may have trouble waking at your normal time.

If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor.

If you use too much APO-Zolpidem

If you think that you have used too much APO-Zolpidem, you may need urgent medical attention.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (by calling 13 11 26), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

You may need urgent medical attention.

If you take too much your consciousness may be impaired ranging from drowsiness to light coma.

5. What should I know while using APO-Zolpidem?

Things you should do

Tell all the doctors, dentists and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking APO-Zolpidem.

If you are about to be started on any new medicine, tell your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking APO-Zolpidem.

If you plan to have surgery that needs a general anaesthetic, tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking this medicine.

If you become pregnant or suspect that you are pregnant while you are taking this medicine, stop taking it and tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately.

Call your doctor straight away if you:

• have any serious side effects listed in Section 6

Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using APO-Zolpidem.

Things you should not do

- Do not stop using this medicine suddenly Do not take more than the recommended dose unless your doctor tells you to. This can increase the risk of side effects.
- Do not give this medicine to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.
- Do not use this medicine to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.
- Do not drink alcohol before or after taking this medicine. This can increase the risk of side effects or the effects of alcohol could be made worse while taking APO-Zolpidem.

Things to be careful of

 If you are over 65 and unwell or taking other medicines. You may be more sensitive to some of the side effects of APO-Zolpidem. Some patients may be particularly susceptible to the sedative effects of the medication, which may increase the possibility of a fall.

After taking APO-Zolpidem

- Sleep medicines should in most cases, be used only for short periods of time. If your sleep problems continue, consult your doctor.
- Some medicines can cause dependence, especially
 when they are used regularly for longer than a few
 weeks. People who have been dependent on alcohol
 or other drugs in the past may have a higher chance of
 becoming addicted to sleep medicines. If you have
 been addicted to alcohol or drugs in the past, it is
 important to tell your doctor before starting APOZolpidem.
- Sometimes when medicines are stopped suddenly, after being used for a long time, withdrawal symptoms may occur. Symptoms of withdrawal may include abdominal and muscle cramps, vomiting and sweating. In some cases your insomnia may appear

worse for a short time which may be accompanied with other reactions including mood changes, anxiety and restlessness; speak to your doctor if this occurs. Patients taking part in trials have not had any problems when they stopped taking APO-Zolpidem. However, let your doctor know if you have any problems when you stop taking APO-Zolpidem.

Driving or using machines

Because APO-Zolpidem will make you sleepy, you should not operate dangerous machinery or drive motor vehicles for 8 hours after you take it. You should also be careful the next morning when you wake up.

Make sure you know how you react to APO-Zolpidem before you drive a car or operate machinery. This is very important if you are taking other drugs that also make you drowsy.

Drinking alcohol

You should not drink alcohol while you are taking APO-Zolpidem.

Tell your doctor if you drink alcohol.

Alcohol may increase the risk of side effects or the effects of alcohol could be made worse while taking APO-Zolpidem.

Looking after your medicine

- Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is time to take them. If you take the tablets out of the box or the blister pack they may not keep well.
- Keep the medicine in a cool, dry place where the temperature stays below 30°C.

Follow the instructions in the carton on how to take care of your medicine properly.

Store it in a cool dry place away from moisture, heat or sunlight; for example, do not store it:

- in the bathroom or near a sink, or
- in the car or on window sills.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If you no longer need to use this medicine or it is out of date, take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date.

6. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking APO-Zolpidem.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
Head and neurology related:	Speak to your
• drowsiness	doctor if you have any of
• dizziness	these less
headache	serious side
• fatigue	effects and they
anxiety	worry you.
nightmares	, ,
 poor attention and concentration 	
memory impairment and loss	
 unexpected changes in behaviour. 	
These have included rage	
reactions, worsened insomnia,	
confusion, agitation, depression,	
hallucinations, delirium, and other	
forms of unwanted behaviour	
Gastrointestinal related:	
 diarrhoea, nausea and vomiting 	
abdominal pain	
Musculoskeletal related:	
muscle weakness	
back pain	
Infection related:	
infections of the nose, throat and chest	
Although these side effects can	
occur at the usual recommended	
doses, the risk of these behaviours	
occurring may also be increased if	
you take more than the	
recommended dose.	

Serious side effects

Serious side effects	What to do
Allergic reactions: • swelling of the face, lips, mouth or throat, which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing • hives • fainting Sleepwalking and associated behaviours: • sleep walking, driving motor vehicles and other unusual, and on some occasions dangerous, behaviours whilst apparently asleep. These have also included preparing and eating food, making phone calls or having sexual intercourse. People experiencing	Call your doctor straight away, or go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these serious side effects.

these effects have had no memory of the events.

Alcohol can increase the risk of sleep walking and other related behaviours. These side effects can also occur without the presence of alcohol. Although these side effects can occur at the usual recommended doses, the risk of these behaviours occurring may also be increased if you take more than the recommended dose.

Some sleep medicines may cause a short-term memory loss. When this occurs, a person may not remember what has happened for several hours after taking the medicine. This is usually not a problem since most people fall asleep after taking the medicine.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Do not be alarmed by this list of possible side effects.

You may not experience any of them.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

7. PRODUCT DETAILS

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What APO-Zolpidem contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	5 mg tablets: Zolpidem tartrate 5 mg
	10 mg tablets: Zolpidem tartrate 10 mg
Other ingredients	Microcrystalline cellulose
(inactive ingredients)	Sodium starch glycollate
	Magnesium stearate
	Hypromellose
	Hyprolose
	Macrogol 8000
	Titanium dioxide
	Iron oxide red (CI77491) (5 mg only).

This medicine is gluten-free, lactose-free, sucrose-free, tartrazine-free and free of other azo dyes.

What APO-Zolpidem looks like

APO-Zolpidem 5 mg tablets: Pink, capsule-shaped, film-coated tablets, imprinted "APO" on one side and "ZOL 5" on the other side.

Packs of 7 and 14 tablets.

(AUST R 127151. AUST R 127167.).

APO-Zolpidem 10 mg tablets: White, modified oval, scored tablets, imprinted "APO" on one side and "1" European bisect "0" on the other side.

Packs of 7 and 14 tablets.

(AUST R 127174. AUST R 127178.)

* Not all strengths, pack types and/or pack sizes may be available.

Who distributes APO-Zolpidem

Arrotex Pharmaceuticals PTY Ltd 15-17 Chapel Street

Cremorne, Victoria 3121

This leaflet was prepared in January 2023.