Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The <u>full CMI</u> on the next page has more details. If you are worried about taking this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist. **WARNING:** Important safety information is provided in a boxed warning in the <u>full CMI</u>. Read before using this medicine.

1. Why am I taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin contains the active ingredient, pregabalin. Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is taken to treat neuropathic pain, which is pain caused by an abnormality of, or damage to, the nerves. Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is also used to control epilepsy which is a condition where you have repeated seizures (fits).

For more information, see Section 1. Why am I taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin? in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I use Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Do not take if you have ever had an allergic reaction to Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding.

For more information, see Section 2. What should I know before I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin? in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin and affect how it works.

A list of these medicines is in Section 3. What if I am taking other medicines? in the full CMI.

4. How do I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

The usual dose range is 150 mg per day to 600 mg per day given in two divided doses. Swallow the capsules whole with a full glass of water. More instructions can be found in Section 4. How do I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin? in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Things you should do	 Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin . If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist that you are taking this medicine. Tell your doctor immediately if you experience any changes in your vision, trouble breathing or shallow breaths. Tell your doctor immediately if you have any thoughts of suicide or self-harm, any unusual changes in mood or behaviour, or show signs of depression. 	
Things you should not do	 Do not stop taking this medicine suddenly. It is recommended to withdraw it gradually over a minimum of one week. 	
Driving or using machines	 Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin may cause dizziness and drowsiness in some people. If you experience any of these symptoms, do not drive, operate machinery or do not do anything else that could be dangerous. 	
Drinking alcohol	If you drink alcohol, symptoms such as dizziness and drowsiness may be worsen.	
Looking after your medicine	 Keep Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C. Keep it where children cannot reach it 	

For more information, see Section 5. What should I know while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin? in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any of the following less serious side effect and they worry you: dizziness, feeling tired or drowsy, constipation, diarrhoea, nausea, headache, increase in weight, unsteadiness when walking, reduced coordination, shaking or tremors, dry mouth, blurred or double vision. Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of the following more serious side effects: unusual changes in mood or behaviour, signs of new or increased irritability or agitation, signs of depression, confusion, swelling of the hands, ankles or feet, enlargement of breasts, unexplained muscle pain, tenderness and weakness, passing little to no urine, trouble breathing, and shallow breaths. For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section 6. Are there any side effects? in the full CMI.

WARNING:

Before taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin , tell your doctor if you have a history of drug abuse. Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin poses risks of misuse, abuse and dependence. Using Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin with other medicines that can make you feel drowsy such as sleeping tablets and other pain relievers (e.g. benzodiazepines and opioids), antihistamines, antidepressants, antipsychotics, cannabis, and alcohol may result in severe drowsiness, decreased awareness, breathing problems, coma and death. If you have any concern about taking this medicine, speak to your doctor.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin

Active ingredient: pregabalin (PRE-gab-a-lin)

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin . You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin .

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- 1. Why am I taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?
- 2. What should I know before I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?
- 3. What if I am taking other medicines?
- 4. How do I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?
- 5. What should I know while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?
- 6. Are there any side effects?
- 7. Product details

Why am I taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin contains the active ingredient, pregabalin.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin belongs to a group of medicines called anticonvulsants. These medicines are thought to work by controlling brain chemicals which send signals to nerves so that seizures do not happen. Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin also has pain relieving effects.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is used to treat neuropathic pain, which is pain caused by an abnormality of, or damage to, the nerves.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is also used to control epilepsy. Epilepsy is a condition where you have repeated seizures (fits). There are many different types of seizures, ranging from mild to severe.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin may be used alone, or in combination with other medicines, to treat your condition.

Your doctor may prescribe Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin in addition to your current therapy when your current treatment is no longer working as well as before.

Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

Use in Children

There is not enough information to recommend the use of this medicine in children under the age of 18 years.

What should I know before I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Warnings

Do not take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin if:

- you are allergic to pregabalin, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet. Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:
 - shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing,
 - swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body,
 - o rash, itching or hives on the skin.

Always check the ingredients to make sure you can take this medicine.

 the expiry date printed on the pack has passed or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.

If the capsules have expired or the pack is damaged, return to your pharmacist for disposal.

If you are not sure whether you should start taking this medicine, talk to your doctor.

Check with your doctor if you:

- have allergies to any other medicines especially barbiturates or any other anticonvulsant medicines, or any other substances, such as foods, preservatives or dyes.
- Have or have had any of the following medical conditions:
 - o congestive heart failure,
 - o hereditary problems with galactose metabolism,
 - o kidney problems,
 - diabetes,
 - depression.

have a history of drug abuse.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin poses risks of abuse, misuse and dependence. Your body may become used to you taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin and this may result in physical dependence. It means that you may experience withdrawal symptoms if you stop taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin suddenly. So it is important to strictly follow the directions given by your doctor.

If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell them before you start taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section 6. Are there any side effects?

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is not recommended for use during pregnancy.

However, if you have epilepsy, it is very important to control your fits while you are pregnant. If it is necessary for you to take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin , your doctor can help you decide whether or not to take it during pregnancy.

Pregabalin use during the first 3 months of pregnancy may cause birth defects in the unborn child that require medical treatment. In a study reviewing data from women in Nordic countries who took pregabalin in the first 3 months of pregnancy, 6 babies in every 100 had such birth defects. This compares to 4 babies in every 100 born to women not treated with pregabalin in the study.

Abnormalities of the face (orofacial clefts), the eyes, the nervous system (including the brain), kidneys and genitals have been reported.

Effective contraception must be used by women of childbearing potential.

Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed.

The active ingredient in Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin passes into breast milk and its safety in infants is unknown. It is recommended that you do not breastfeed while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin.

Use in children

There is not enough information to recommend the use of this medicine in children under the age of 18 years.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may be affected by Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicines, or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Using Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin with other medicines that can make you feel drowsy, such as sleeping tablets and other pain relievers (e.g. benzodiazepines and opioids), antihistamines, antidepressants, antipsychotics, cannabis, and alcohol may result in severe drowsiness, decreased awareness, breathing problems, coma and death.

Your doctor will minimize the dose and duration of use; and monitor you for signs and symptoms of breathing difficulties and sedation.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin .

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin.

How do I take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor carefully.

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

If you do not understand the instructions on the box, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

How much to take

- Your doctor will tell you how many capsules you need to take each day. This may depend on your age, your condition and whether or not you are taking any other medicines.
- Your doctor may recommend that you start with a low dose of Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin and slowly increase the dose to the lowest amount needed to control your epilepsy/ convulsions or neuropathic pain.
- The usual dose range is 150 mg per day to 600 mg per day given in two divided doses.

How to take it

Swallow the capsules whole with a full glass of water.

When to take it

Take your medicine at about the same time each day.

Taking it at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take it.

It does not matter if you take this medicine before or after food.

How long to take it

- Continue taking your medicine as long as your doctor tell you.
- This medicine helps to control your condition, but does not cure it. It is important to keep taking your medicine even if you feel well.
- Do not stop taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin, or lower the dosage, without checking with your doctor. Do not let yourself run out of medicine over the weekend or on holidays.
- Stopping Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin suddenly may worsen your condition or increase your chance of experiencing withdrawal symptoms, such as sleeplessness, headache, nausea (feeling sick), anxiety, excessive sweating or diarrhoea (runny stools). If appropriate, your doctor will slowly reduce your dose before you can stop taking it completely.

If you forget to take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin

If it is almost time for your next dose (within 4 hours), skip
the dose you missed and take your next dose when you
are meant to.

Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember, and then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose you missed.

This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect

If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

If you take too much Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin

If you think that you or anyone else may have used too much Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin , urgent medical attention may be needed.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (by calling 13 11 26) for advise, or
- · contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

Symptoms of an overdose with Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin may include mood changes, feeling tired, confusion, depression, agitation, restlessness, or seizures.

What should I know while using Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin?

Things you must do

- If you are about to be started on any new medicine, remind your doctor, dentist or pharmacist that you are taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin
- Tell your doctor, dentist or pharmacist who treat you that you are taking this medicine.
- If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anesthetist that you are taking this medicines.

It may affect other medicines used during surgery.

 Tell your doctor if you feel Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin is not helping your condition.

Your doctor may need to change your medicine.

 Tell your doctor if, for any reason, you have not taken Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin exactly as prescribed.

Otherwise, your doctor may change your treatment unnecessarily.

 Keep all of your doctor's appointments so that your progress can be checked.

Your doctor may do some tests from time to time to make sure the medicine is working and to prevent unwanted side effects.

Call your doctor straight away if you:

experience any changes in vision.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin may cause blurring or other changes in eyesight. Your doctor may ask you to stop taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin to improve these symptoms.

 have any thoughts of suicide or self-harm, any unusual changes in mood or behavior, or show signs of depression.

Some people taking medicines to treat convulsions, such as Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin, have had thoughts of harming themselves or taking their life.

Patients and caregivers should be alert and monitor for these effects. Signs and symptoms of suicidal risk include:

o thoughts or talk of death or suicide

- o thoughts or talk of self-harm or harm to others
- o any recent attempts of self-harm
- new or an increase in aggressive behaviour, irritability or agitation
- o new or worsening depression.

Mention of suicide or violence must be taken seriously.

If you or someone you know is demonstrating these warning signs of suicide while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin, contact your doctor or a mental health professional right away.

- experience trouble breathing or shallow breaths.
 If you have nervous system or respiratory disorders,
 kidney problems, or you are older than 65, your doctor may adjust your dose.
- become pregnant while taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin .

Things you must not do

- Do not take Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.
- Do not give Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin to anyone else, even if their symptoms seem similar to yours or they have the same condition as you.
- Do not stop taking this medicine or lower the dosage without checking with your doctor.

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin affects you.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin may cause dizziness and drowsiness in some people. If you experience any of these symptoms, do not drive, operate machinery or do not do anything else that could be dangerous.

Drinking alcohol

Be careful when drinking alcohol while you are taking this medicine.

If you drink alcohol, symptoms such as dizziness and drowsiness may be worse.

Looking after your medicine

Keep your capsules in the pack until it is time to take until it is time to take them.

If you take the capsules out of the pack they may not keep well.

Keep your capsules in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.

Store it in a cool dry place away from moisture, heat or sunlight; for example, do not store it:

- in the bathroom or near a sink, or
- in the car or on window sills.

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If you no longer need to take this medicine or it is out of date,

take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

Do not take this medicine after the expiry date.

6. Are there any side effects?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin.

Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin helps most people with neuropathic pain or epilepsy, but it may have unwanted side effects in a few people. All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical attention if you get some of the side effects.

It can be difficult to tell whether side effects are the result of taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin, effects of your condition or side effects of other medicines you may be taking. For this reason it is important to tell your doctor of any change in your condition.

If you are over 65 years of age you may have an increased chance of getting side effects.

Do not be alarmed by the list of side effects.

You may not experience any of them.

If you get any side effects, do not stop taking Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin without first talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
Nervous system related	Speak to your doctor if you have any of these less serious side effects and they worry you.
 Gastrointestinal related constipation diarrhoea nausea dry mouth 	
Eye related • blurred or double vision Metabolism related • increase in weight	
The above list includes the more common side effects of your medicine. They are usually mild and short-lived.	

Serious side effects

Serious side effects What to do			
Serious side effects		Wilat to do	
• •	ychiatric related unusual changes in mood or behaviour signs of new or increased irritability or agitation signs of depression confusion	Call your doctor straight away, or go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest	
Musculoskeletal related		hospital if you notice any of	
•	unexplained muscle pain, tenderness and weakness	these serious side effects.	
Re	Respiratory related		
•	trouble breathing, shallow breaths.		
Other side effects			
•	passing little to no urine		
•	swelling of the hands, ankles or feet		
eff	enlargement pf breasts e above list includes serious side ects that may require medical ention. Serious side effects are re.		

More serious side effects

Serious side effects		What to do
Respiratory related • shortness of breath		Call your doctor straight away, or go
Eye related		
•	irritated red eyes that are sensitive to light.	straight to the Emergency Department at
Neurological related		your nearest
•	more frequent or more severe seizures (fits).	hospital if you notice any of these serious
Allergy related:		side effects.
•	rash, itching or hives	
•	reddish non-elevated, target-like or circular patches on the trunk, often with central blisters	
•	skin peeling	
•	swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body	
•	shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing.	
Skin related		
•	serious skin reactions characterised by reddish non-elevated, target-like or circular patches on the trunk, often with central blisters, skin peeling, ulcers of mouth, throat, nose, genitals and eyes. These serious skin rashes can be preceded by fever	

and flu-like symptoms (Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic, epidermal necrolysis).

Other side effects

- swelling of the feet and legs
- weight increase due to fluid build-up
- ulcers of mouth, throat, nose, genitals and eyes.

The above list includes very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. These side effects are very rare.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell.

Other side effects not listed here may also occur in some people. Some of these side effects (for example, changes in blood pressure) can only be found when your doctor does tests from time to time to check your progress.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the

Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

7. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	25 mg capsules - 25 mg pregabalin 75 mg capsules - 75 mg pregabalin 150 mg capsules - 150 mg pregabalin 300 mg capsules - 300 mg pregabalin
Other ingredients (inactive ingredients)	Pregelatinised maize starch Purified talc Gelatin Sodium lauryl sulfate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide red (75 mg and 300 mg capsules only)
Potential allergens	May contain traces of sulfites.

Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin looks like

25 mg – white hard gelatin capsule, marked 'S' on the cap and '466' on the body with black ink.(AUST R 308072)

75 mg - white and orange hard gelatin capsule, marked 'S' on the cap and '468' on the body with black ink (AUST R 308089)

150 mg - White colored cap and White colored body, printed as "S" in Cap and "470" in body with black ink (AUST R 308099)

300 mg - Orange colored cap and White colored body, printed as "S" in Cap and "473" in body with black ink (AUST R 308085)

Who distributes Blooms the Chemist Pregabalin

Arrotex Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd 15 – 17 Chapel Street Cremorne VIC 3121

www.arrotex.com.au

This leaflet was prepared in February 2024.