

Consumer Medicine Information

This leaflet provides important information about being given Spevigo. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about being given Spevigo.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

1. **Why am I being given Spevigo?**
2. **What should I know before I am given Spevigo?**
3. **What if I am taking other medicines?**
4. **How do I use Spevigo?**
5. **What should I know whilst being given Spevigo?**
6. **Are there any side effects?**
7. **Product details**

1. Why am I being given Spevigo?

Spevigo contains the active ingredient spesolimab. Spesolimab is an interleukin inhibitor. It works by blocking a group of proteins called interleukin 36 receptors (IL-36R) to help suppress inflammatory processes in the body.

Spevigo is used to treat flares in adult patients with generalised pustular psoriasis.

Generalised pustular psoriasis is a rare and serious condition that causes severe inflammation and scarring.

In generalised pustular psoriasis, the immune system does not work properly and triggers recurrent, severe episodes of inflammation where the skin becomes red, and painful and pus-filled blisters (pustules) appear all over the body. Inflammation of the organs and other tissues can also occur, causing fatigue, fever, body pains, muscle weakness, dehydration, and nausea.

By blocking IL-36R, Spevigo improves skin clearance, relieves pain and itching, and other symptoms of a flare in patients with generalised pustular psoriasis.

2. What should I know before I am given Spevigo?

Warnings

You should not be given Spevigo if:

- you are allergic to spesolimab, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Always check the ingredients to make sure you can use this medicine.