WHAT IS IN THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet answers some common questions about Diane-35 ED. It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist. All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you taking Diane-35 ED against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

If you have any concerns, or are unsure about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist for more advice.

Keep this leaflet with the medicine.

You may need to read it again.

WHAT DIANE-35 ED IS USED FOR

Diane-35 ED is used for the treatment of signs of physical male characteristics caused by the male sex hormone, androgen, produced by in women in small amounts (androgenisation), such as:

• severe acne where other treatments have not been successful
• for excessive growth of facial or body hair (known as hirsutism) of a mild to moderate degree, where no underlying cause has been found.

Diane-35 ED can also be used as a contraceptive to prevent pregnancy in women who are taking it for the treatment of signs of physical male characteristics as described above. Diane-35 ED contains a progestogen and an estrogen hormone, and therefore works similarly to the combined oral contraceptive birth control pill, also known as ‘the Pill’. It should not be used in combination with another hormonal contraceptive.

While taking Diane-35 ED you may also experience the following benefits:

• more regular and lighter periods – potentially resulting in a decreased risk in anaemia (iron deficiency)
• a decrease in period pain
• reduction of greasiness in skin and hair.

Some conditions such as pelvic inflammatory disease, ovarian cysts, ectopic pregnancy (where the foetus is carried outside of your womb), lumped breasts and cancer of the uterus (womb) and ovaries may be less common in women taking Diane-35 ED.

Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

BEFORE YOU TAKE DIANE-35 ED

When you must not take it

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you have an allergy to:

• cyproterone acetate and/or ethinylestradiol (the active ingredients in Diane-35 ED)
• any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:

• shortness of breath
• wheezing or difficulty in breathing
• swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body

• rash, itching or hives on the skin.

Diane-35 ED is not for use in men.

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you are taking antiviral medicines which contain ombitasvir, paritaprevir, or dasabuvir, and combinations of these.

These antiviral medicines are used to treat chronic (long-term) hepatitis C (an infectious disease that affects the liver, caused by the hepatitis C virus).

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you have, or had, a blood clot in:

• the blood vessels of the legs (deep vein thrombosis - DVT)
• the lungs (pulmonary embolism - PE)
• the heart (heart attack)
• the brain (stroke)
• other parts of the body.

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you are concerned about or have an increased risk of blood clots. Blood clots are rare. Very occasionally blood clots may cause serious permanent disability and may even be fatal.

All combined oral contraceptive pills, including Diane-35 ED, increase the risk of having a blood clot. However, the risk of having a blood clot when taking Diane-35 ED is less than the risk of having a blood clot during pregnancy.

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you are concerned about an increased risk of blood clots because of age or smoking.

The risk of having a heart attack or stroke increases as you get older. It also increases if you smoke. You should stop smoking when taking Diane-35 ED, especially if you are older than 35 years of age.

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you have, or have had:

• blood clots in your legs
• any blood clotting disorders such as Protein C deficiency, Protein S deficiency, Leiden Factor V mutation, Antithrombin III deficiency or other inherited blood clotting conditions
• a confirmed blood test showing:
  - increased levels of homocysteine
  - antiphospholipid antibodies (APLAs) e.g. anticardiolipin-antibodies and lupus anticoagulant. These may increase your risk for blood clots or pregnancy losses (miscarriage)
• major surgery after which you have not been able to move around for a period of time
• angina (chest pain)
• a mini-stroke (also known as TIA or transient ischaemic attack)
• migraine, where you have also had problems with seeing, speaking or had weakness or numbness in any part of your body
• high risk of blood clots due to conditions such as diabetes with blood vessel damage, severe high blood pressure or severe high or low level of fats in your blood
• pancreatitis (an inflammation of the pancreas) associated with high levels of fatty substances in your blood
• severe liver disease and your liver function has not returned to normal
• a benign or malignant liver tumour
• cancer that may grow under the influence of sex hormones (e.g. of the breast or the genital organs)
• meningioma or history of meningioma (a generally benign tumour of the tissue layer between the brain and the skull)
• unexplained vaginal bleeding.

If any of these conditions appear for the first time while using Diane-35 ED, stop taking it at once and tell your doctor. In the meantime use non-hormonal (barrier) methods of contraception (such as condoms or a diaphragm).

Do not take Diane-35 ED if you are using another hormonal contraceptive.

Do not take this medicine if you are pregnant or think you might be pregnant.

Do not breast-feed if you are taking this medicine.

Do not give this medicine to a child.

Do not take this medicine after the expiry date printed on the pack and blister.

The expiry date is printed on the carton and on each blister after “EXP” (e.g. 11 18 refers to November 2018). The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. If it has expired return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

Do not take this medicine if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.

If the packaging is damaged, return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

If you are not sure whether you should start taking this medicine, talk to your doctor.

Before you start to take it

Tell your doctor if you have allergies to any other medicines, foods, preservatives or dyes.

Tell your doctor if:

• you smoke
• you, or anyone in your immediate family has had blood clots in the legs (DVT), or lungs (PE), a heart attack, a stroke, breast cancer or high cholesterol.

Tell your doctor if you have or have had any of the following medical conditions:

• diabetes
• high blood pressure
• heart valve disorders or certain heart rhythm disorders
• migraine
• cancer
• polycystic ovary syndrome, a hormonal condition which can cause menstrual irregularity and excess hair growth
• hyperhomocysteinaemia, a condition characterised by high levels of the amino acid homocysteine in the blood
• severe high or low levels of fats in the blood.

Ask your doctor to check if you:

• are overweight
• have any hereditary or acquired conditions that may make it more likely for you to get blood clots
• have high cholesterol or triglycerides
• have liver disease
• have jaundice (yellowing of the skin) and/or pruritus (itching of the skin) related to cholestasis (condition in which the flow of bile from the liver stops or slows)
Some medicines
- can have an influence on the blood levels of Diane-35 ED
- can make it less effective in preventing pregnancy or
- can cause unexpected bleeding.

You may need to use additional barrier methods of contraception (such as condoms or a diaphragm) while you are taking any of these medicines with Diane-35 ED and for some time after stopping them.

Your doctor will be able to tell you how long you will need to use additional contraceptive methods.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines that you need to be careful with or avoid while taking this medicine.

**HOW TO TAKE DIANE-35 ED**

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully.

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

If you do not understand the instructions on the pack ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

**How to take it**

Take one tablet daily at about the same time every day. You must take Diane-35 ED every day regardless of how often you have sex. This will also help you remember when to take it.

Swallow the tablet whole with a full glass of water.

It does not matter if you take it before or after food.

Each blister pack is marked with the day of the week.

Take your first tablet from the red area on the blister pack corresponding to the day of the week.

Follow the direction of the arrows on the blister pack until all the tablets have been taken.

A period should begin 2-3 days after starting to take the white inactive tablets (last row) and may not have finished before the next pack is started.

Always start a new blister pack on the same day of the week as your previous pack.

**Taking Diane-35 ED for the first time**

If you are starting Diane-35 ED after a natural cycle, and you have not used a hormonal contraceptive in the past month, start on the first day of your period, i.e. on the first day of your menstrual bleeding.

You must also use additional barrier contraceptive precautions (e.g. condoms or a diaphragm) for the first 14 days of tablet-taking when having intercourse.

**Your doctor will advise you when to start if you:**

- are taking Diane-35 ED after having a baby
- have had a miscarriage or an abortion.

**Changing from another contraceptive**

Changing from a combined oral contraceptive: Start taking Diane-35 ED on the day after taking the last active tablet in your previous Pill pack. Bleeding may not occur until the end of the first pack of Diane-35ED.

If you are not sure which were the active/inactive tablets in your previous Pill pack, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Your previous Pill pack may have different colour tablets to those of Diane-35 ED.

**Changing from a vaginal ring:**

Start taking Diane-35 ED on the day of removal of the last vaginal ring.

**Changing from a progestogen-only pill (‘minipill’):**

Stop taking the minipill on any day and start taking Diane-35 ED at the same time the day after you took your last minipill.

You must also use additional barrier contraceptive precautions (e.g. condoms or a diaphragm) for the first 14 days of tablet-taking when having intercourse.

**Changing from a progestogen only injection, implant or intrauterine system (IUS):**

Start taking Diane-35 ED when your next injection is due, or on that day if your implant or IUS is removed.

You must also use additional barrier contraceptive precautions (e.g. condoms or a diaphragm) for the first 14 days of tablet-taking when having intercourse.

**How long to take Diane-35 ED**

You may have to take Diane-35 ED for at least 6 months before you see an improvement in your condition. The length of treatment depends on the severity of the condition and how well it responds to treatment.

You may be advised by your doctor to stop Diane-35 ED 3 to 4 months after your symptoms have completely resolved.

You should have regular checkups with your doctor to determine how long to keep taking Diane-35 ED.

**Stopping Diane-35 ED**

You can stop taking Diane-35 ED at any time.

It is possible that the original condition may recur once Diane-35 ED is stopped. Do not start taking Diane-35 ED again without seeing your doctor first.

If you do not wish to fall pregnant, you should use additional barrier contraceptive precautions (e.g. condoms or a diaphragm) when you stop taking Diane-35 ED.

If you are considering becoming pregnant, it is recommended that you begin taking a vitamin supplement containing folic acid. It is best that you start taking folic acid tablets before you stop taking Diane-35 ED and not stop until your doctor advises this. Ask your doctor or pharmacist about suitable supplements. It is both safe and recommended that you take folic acid during pregnancy.

**If you forget to take Diane-35 ED**

If you miss a tablet and take the missing tablet within 12 hours of missing it, you should still be protected against pregnancy.

If you are more than 12 hours late follow these detailed instructions:

For Diane-35 ED to be most effective, beige active tablets need to be taken uninterrupted for 7 days.

If you have been taking the beige active tablets for 7 uninterrupted days and miss a beige active tablet, take the missed tablet as soon as you remember, then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally, even if this
WHILE YOU ARE TAKING DIANE-35 ED

Things you must do
Tell any other doctors, dentists, and pharmacists who treat you that you are taking this medicine.

If you are about to have any blood tests, tell your doctor that you are taking this medicine. It may interfere with the results of some tests.

Have regular check-ups with your doctor. When you are taking Diane-35ED, your doctor will tell you to return for regular check-ups, including a Cervical Screening Test. Your doctor will advise how often you need a Cervical Screening Test. A Cervical Screening Test can detect abnormal cells lining the cervix. Sometimes abnormal cells can progress to cancer.

If you are about to start on any new medicine, remind your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking Diane-35ED.

Stop taking Diane-35ED and see your doctor immediately or go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice the following signs:

- one-sided swelling of the leg and/or foot or along a vein in the leg
- pain or tenderness in the leg which may be felt only when standing or walking
- increased warmth in the affected leg; red or discoloured skin on the leg
- sudden onset of unexplained shortness of breath or rapid breathing
- sudden coughing or coughing up of blood
- sharp chest pain or sudden severe pain in the chest which may increase with deep breathing
- severe light headedness or dizziness
- rapid or irregular heartbeat
- sudden pain, swelling and slight blue discoloration of an extremity
- sudden numbness or weakness of the face, arm or leg, especially on one side of the body
- sudden trouble walking, dizziness, loss of balance or coordination
- sudden confusion, slurred speech or aphasia; sudden partial or complete loss of vision, double vision, painless blurring of vision which can progress to loss of vision
- sudden, severe or prolonged headache with no known cause
- loss of consciousness or fainting with or without seizure.
- pain, discomfort, pressure, heaviness, sensation of squeezing or fullness in the chest arm, or below the breastbone
- discomfort radiating to the back, jaw, throat, arm, shoulder, or teeth
- feeling of being full, having indigestion or choking
- sweating, nausea, vomiting
- extreme weakness and anxiety

If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist beforehand that you are taking Diane-35ED.

The risk of having blood clots is temporarily increased as a result of major surgery, any surgery to the legs or pelvis, neurosurgery or major trauma. In women who take Diane-35ED, the risk may be higher.

In women at risk of prolonged immobilisation (including major surgery, any surgery to the legs or pelvis, neurosurgery, or major trauma), your doctor may tell you to stop taking (in the case of elective surgery at least four weeks in advance) and not resume until two weeks after complete remobilisation. Another method of contraception should be used to avoid unintentional pregnancy. Your doctor may prescribe other treatment (e.g. treatment for blood clots) if Diane-35ED has not been discontinued in advance.

Other risk factors for blood clotting include temporary immobilisation including air travel of greater than 4 hours, particularly in women with other risk factors. Consult your doctor if you plan to air travel for greater than 4 hours.

Consult your doctor if you develop high blood pressure while taking Diane-35ED – you may be told to stop taking it.

If you become pregnant while taking this medicine, tell your doctor immediately.

If you vomit within 3-4 hours or have severe diarrhoea after taking a beige active tablet, the active ingredients may not have been completely absorbed. This is like missing a tablet. Follow the advice for missed tablets.

If you have unexpected bleeding and it continues, becomes heavy, or occurs again, tell your doctor.

When taking these tablets for the first few months, you can have irregular vaginal bleeding (spotting or breakthrough bleeding) between your periods. You may need to use sanitary products, but continue to take your tablets as normal. Irregular vaginal bleeding usually stops once your body has adjusted to Diane-35ED, usually after about 3 months.

If you have missed a period, but you have taken all your tablets, it is unlikely that you are pregnant, as long as:

- you have taken the beige active tablets at the right time
- you have not been taking medicine(s) that may interfere with Diane-35ED
- you have not vomited or had severe diarrhoea during this cycle.

If this is so, continue to take Diane-35ED as usual. If you have any concerns consult your doctor or pharmacist.

If you miss your period twice in a row, you may be pregnant even if you have taken Diane-35ED correctly. Stop taking Diane-35ED and seek advice from your doctor. You must use a non-hormonal method of contraception, (such as condoms or a diaphragm) until your doctor rules out pregnancy.

Diane-35ED will not protect you from HIV/AIDS or any other sexually transmitted infections (STIs), such as chlamydia, genital herpes, genital warts, gonorrhoea, hepatitis B, human papilloma virus and syphilis.

To protect yourself from STIs, you will need to use additional barrier contraceptives (e.g. condoms).

Things you must not do
Do not take Diane-35ED to treat any other conditions, unless your doctor tells you to.
Do not give your medicine to anyone else.
Do not stop taking your medicine or change the dosage without checking with your doctor.
You may become pregnant if you are not using any other contraceptive and you stop taking Diane-35ED, or do not take a tablet every day.
SIDE EFFECTS
Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking Diane-35 ED.
This medicine helps most women, but it may have unwanted side effects in some women.
All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not.
You may need medical attention if you get some of the side effects.
Do not be alarmed by the following lists of side effects. You may not experience any of them.
Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.
The following list includes the more common side effects of Diane-35 ED. These are usually mild and lessen with time.
If you notice any of the following side effects and they worry you, tell your doctor or pharmacist:
• nausea
• stomach pain or discomfort
• changes in weight
• headache, including migraines
• mood changes, including depression
• breast tenderness or pain.
The following list includes very serious but rare side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.
If you experience any of the following, tell your doctor immediately, or go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital:
• pain in the chest, arm, or below the breastbone
• pain or discomfort that goes to your back
• breathlessness and/or difficulty breathing
• swelling, pain or tenderness of one leg or along a vein in the leg
• sudden weakness, numbness or bad "pins and needles" of the face, arm or leg, especially on one side of the body
• sudden trouble walking, dizziness, loss of balance or coordination
• severe, sudden stomach pains
• a fainting attack or you collapse
• unusual headaches or migraines that are worse than usual
• sudden problems with speaking, seeing or understanding what people are saying to you.
The side effects listed above are possible signs of a blood clot (thrombosis).
Blood clots can also occur in the blood vessels of the heart (causing a heart attack) or the brain (causing a stroke).
Blood clots are a rare occurrence and can develop whether or not you are taking Diane-35 ED. They can also happen during pregnancy. The risk of having blood clots is higher in Diane-35 ED users than in non-users, but not as high as during pregnancy.
The risk of a blood clot is highest during the first year of taking Diane-35 ED for the first time, or after having a break from Diane-35 ED for 4 weeks or more.
If you notice possible signs of a blood clots, stop taking Diane-35 ED and consult your doctor immediately.
To prevent pregnancy, you must also use additional barrier contraceptive precautions (e.g. condoms or a diaphragm).
If you are concerned about an increased risk of blood clots on Diane-35 ED, speak to your doctor.
Cancer and Diane-35 ED
Diane-35 ED contains a progestogen and an estrogen hormone, and therefore works similarly to the combined oral contraceptive birth control pill, the Pill.
Breast cancer has been diagnosed slightly more often in women who take the Pill than in women of the same age who do not take the Pill.
This slight increase in the numbers of breast cancer diagnoses gradually disappears during the course of the 10 years after women stop taking the Pill.
It is not known whether the difference is caused by the Pill. It may be that these women were examined more often, so that the breast cancer was noticed earlier.
It is important that you check your breasts regularly and contact your doctor if you feel any lumps.
In rare cases benign liver tumours and, even more rarely, malignant liver tumours have been reported in users of the Pill. These tumours may lead to internal bleeding.
Contact your doctor immediately if you have severe pain in your abdomen.
Cervical cancer has been reported to occur more often in women who have been taking the Pill for a long time. This finding may not be caused by the Pill, but may be related to sexual behaviour and other factors.
For high doses (25 mg and above) of cyproterone acetate an increased risk of a benign brain tumour (meningioma) has been reported. If you are diagnosed with meningioma, your doctor will stop all cyproterone containing products, including Diane-35 ED as a precautionary measure (see section ‘Do not take Diane-35 ED’).

AFTER TAKING DIANE-35 ED
Storage
Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is time to take them.
If you take the tablets out of the pack they may not keep well.
Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.
Do not store your tablets or any other medicine in the bathroom, near a sink, or on a window-sill. Do not leave medication in the car.
Heat and damp can destroy some medicines.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION
What it looks like
Diane-35 ED active tablets are beige and round. Diane-35 ED inactive tablets are white and round.
Diane-35 ED comes in a box containing either 1 or 3 blister packs. Each blister pack contains 21 beige active tablets and 7 white inactive tablets.
Ingredients
Each beige active tablet contains:
Active ingredients:
• 2 mg of cyproterone acetate
• 35 micrograms of ethinylestradiol
Inactive ingredients:
• lactose monohydrate
• maize starch
• povidone
• magnesium stearate
• sucrose
• macrogol 6000
• calcium carbonate
• purified talc
• glycero1
• titanium dioxide
• iron oxide yellow
• glycol montanate
• purified water
Each white inactive tablet contains:
• lactose monohydrate
• maize starch
• povidone
• magnesium stearate
• sucrose
• macrogol 6000
• calcium carbonate
• glycol montanate
• titanium dioxide
Tablets do not contain gluten. Tablets also do not contain tartrazine or any other azo dyes.
Supplier
Made in Germany for:
Bayer Australia Ltd.
ABN 22 000 138 714
875 Pacific Highway
Pymble NSW 2073
Bayer New Zealand Limited
3 Argus Place, Hillcrest, North Shore
Auckland 0627
Australian Registration Number
Diane-35 ED - AUST R 33647
Date of Preparation
22 January 2021
See TGA website (www.ebs.tga.gov.au) for latest Australian Consumer Medicine Information.

Diane®
the bloo
veins where it has formed, it may reach and block
Blood clots sometimes occur in the deep veins of
Blood clots may block blood vessels in your
Blood clots and Diane
in some people.

unexplained vaginal bleeding.

breast lumps
you cough up blood

nausea

stomach pain or discomfort

changes in weight

headache, including migraines

mood changes, including depression

breast tenderness or pain.

Cervical cancer has been reported to occur more

severe pain in your abdomen.

regularly and contact your doctor if you feel

any lumps.

In rare cases benign liver tumours and, even more

rarely, malignant liver tumours have been

reported in users of the Pill. These tumours may

lead to internal bleeding.

Contact your doctor immediately if you have

severe pain in your abdomen.

Cervical cancer has been reported to occur more

often in women who have been taking the Pill for

a long time. This finding may not be caused by

the Pill, but may be related to sexual behaviour

and other factors.

For high doses (25 mg and above) of cyproterone

acetate an increased risk of a benign brain tumour

(meningioma) has been reported. If you are
diagnosed with meningioma, your doctor will

stop all cyproterone containing products, including

Diane-35 ED as a precautionary measure (see section ‘Do not take Diane-35 ED’).

AFTER TAKING DIANE-35 ED
Storage
Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is
time to take them.
If you take the tablets out of the pack they may
not keep well.
Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the
temperature stays below 25°C.
Do not store your tablets or any other
medicine in the bathroom, near a sink, or on a
window-sill. Do not leave medication in the
car.
Heat and damp can destroy some medicines.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION
What it looks like
Diane-35 ED active tablets are beige and round. Diane-35 ED inactive tablets are white and round.
Diane-35 ED comes in a box containing either 1 or 3 blister packs. Each blister pack contains 21 beige active tablets and 7 white inactive tablets.
Ingredients
Each beige active tablet contains:
Active ingredients:
• 2 mg of cyproterone acetate
• 35 micrograms of ethinylestradiol
Inactive ingredients:
• lactose monohydrate
• maize starch
• povidone
• magnesium stearate
• sucrose
• macrogol 6000
• calcium carbonate
• purified talc
• glycero1
• titanium dioxide
• iron oxide yellow
• glycol montanate
• purified water
Each white inactive tablet contains:
• lactose monohydrate
• maize starch
• povidone
• magnesium stearate
• sucrose
• macrogol 6000
• calcium carbonate
• glycol montanate
• titanium dioxide
Tablets do not contain gluten. Tablets also do not contain tartrazine or any other azo dyes.
Supplier
Made in Germany for:
Bayer Australia Ltd.
ABN 22 000 138 714
875 Pacific Highway
Pymble NSW 2073
Bayer New Zealand Limited
3 Argus Place, Hillcrest, North Shore
Auckland 0627
Australian Registration Number
Diane-35 ED - AUST R 33647
Date of Preparation
22 January 2021
See TGA website (www.ebs.tga.gov.au) for latest Australian Consumer Medicine Information.

Diane®
the bloo
veins where it has formed, it may reach and block
Blood clots sometimes occur in the deep veins of
Blood clots may block blood vessels in your
Blood clots and Diane
in some people.

unexplained vaginal bleeding.

breast lumps
you cough up blood

nausea

stomach pain or discomfort

changes in weight

headache, including migraines

mood changes, including depression

breast tenderness or pain.

Cervical cancer has been reported to occur more

severe pain in your abdomen.

regularly and contact your doctor if you feel

any lumps.

In rare cases benign liver tumours and, even more

rarely, malignant liver tumours have been

reported in users of the Pill. These tumours may

lead to internal bleeding.

Contact your doctor immediately if you have

severe pain in your abdomen.

Cervical cancer has been reported to occur more

often in women who have been taking the Pill for

a long time. This finding may not be caused by

the Pill, but may be related to sexual behaviour

and other factors.

For high doses (25 mg and above) of cyproterone

acetate an increased risk of a benign brain tumour

(meningioma) has been reported. If you are
diagnosed with meningioma, your doctor will

stop all cyproterone containing products, including

Diane-35 ED as a precautionary measure (see section ‘Do not take Diane-35 ED’).

AFTER TAKING DIANE-35 ED
Storage
Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is
time to take them.
If you take the tablets out of the pack they may
not keep well.
Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the
temperature stays below 25°C.
Do not store your tablets or any other
medicine in the bathroom, near a sink, or on a
window-sill. Do not leave medication in the
car.
Heat and damp can destroy some medicines.
Missed taking Diane-35 ED?

See the end of this leaflet.
### Summary of advice if you missed an active tablet more than 12 hours ago.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Before missing your tablet, did you take beige active tablets for the previous 7 days?</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| No | Did you have sex in the 7 days before missing the tablet? | No | Take the tablet missed AND use extra barrier precaution for 7 days. If there are fewer than 7 beige active tablets left in the pack, finish the beige active tablets and go straight to the beige active tablets of the next pack. This means you skip the white inactive tablets.  
Yes | See your Doctor or Pharmacist for advice. |
| Yes | Does your pack still have 7 active beige tablets in a row to follow? | No | Take the tablet you missed AND complete taking the beige active tablets. Skip the white inactive tablets. Start your next pack with beige active tablets.  
Yes | Take the tablet you missed AND complete the pack as normal. |