Consumer Medicine Information

What is in this leaflet

This leaflet answers some of the common questions people ask about Esomeprazole SZ. It does not contain all the information that is known about Esomeprazole SZ.

It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor will have weighed the risks of you taking Esomeprazole SZ against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

If you have any concerns about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist. Keep this leaflet with the medicine.

You may need to read it again.

What Esomeprazole SZ is used for

Reflux Oesophagitis

Esomeprazole SZ is taken to treat reflux oesophagitis. This can be caused by "washing back" (reflux) of food and acid from the stomach into the food pipe (oesophagus).

Reflux can cause a burning sensation in the chest rising up to the throat, also known as heartburn.

Esomeprazole SZ is also taken to help stop reflux oesophagitis coming back or relapsing.

Upper gastrointestinal symptoms associated with non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) therapy

Esomeprazole SZ is taken to treat the symptoms of pain or discomfort, in the stomach caused by NSAIDs, a type of medicine for pain or inflammation.

Esomeprazole SZ is also taken to help heal and prevent ulcers caused by NSAIDs.

Peptic Ulcers Associated with Helicobacter pylori Infection

Most people who have a peptic (gastric and duodenal) ulcer also have a bacterium called Helicobacter pylori in their stomach.

Depending on the position of the ulcer it is called a gastric or duodenal ulcer. A gastric ulcer occurs in the stomach. A duodenal ulcer occurs in the duodenum which is the tube leading out from the stomach.

If you have a peptic ulcer, your doctor will prescribe Esomeprazole SZ with antibiotics. When Esomeprazole SZ and antibiotics are taken together, they work to kill the bacterium and let your ulcer heal. You may need further treatment with antibiotics.

Zollinger-Ellison Syndrome

Esomeprazole SZ is also used to treat a rare condition called Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, where the stomach produces large amounts of acid, much more than in ulcers or reflux disease.

Bleeding Peptic Ulcers

When peptic ulcers become severe enough, they start to bleed. You may receive treatment injected into your veins initially. This treatment may be followed with Esomeprazole SZ prescribed by your doctor for a longer period of time. This is to help your ulcer/s to heal.

How Esomeprazole SZ works

Esomeprazole SZ is a type of medicine called a proton-pump inhibitor. It works by decreasing the amount of acid made by the stomach, to give relief of symptoms and allow healing to take place. This does not stop food being digested in the normal way.

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor carefully.

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

Ask your doctor if you want more information.

Your doctor may have prescribed Esomeprazole SZ for another reason.

There is no evidence that Esomeprazole SZ is addictive.

Before you take Esomeprazole SZ

When you must not take it

Do not take Esomeprazole SZ if you have allergies to:

- esomeprazole or any ingredient listed at the end of this leaflet.
- any medicines containing a proton-pump inhibitor

Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; rash, itching or hives on the skin.

Do not take Esomeprazole SZ if you are also taking atazanavir or cilostazol.

Please check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking these medicines. These medicines will be affected by Esomeprazole SZ.

Esomeprazole SZ is not approved for use in children younger than 1 year of age.

There is no specific information about use in children younger than 1 year of age, so Esomeprazole SZ is not recommended in these patients.

Do not take Esomeprazole SZ after the use by (expiry) date printed on the pack or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.

If it has expired or is damaged, return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

Before you start to take it

You must tell your doctor if you have:

- allergies to any other medicines, foods, dyes or preservatives.
- · any problems with your liver
- · severe kidney problems
- · any other medical conditions
- · been diagnosed with osteoporosis
- if you have ever had a skin reaction after treatment with a medicine similar to Esomeprazole SZ that reduces stomach

Do not take Esomeprazole SZ if you are pregnant or breastfeeding unless your doctor says so. Ask your doctor about the risks and benefits involved.

It is not known if it is safe for you to take Esomeprazole SZ while you are pregnant. It may affect your baby. It is not known if your baby can take in Esomeprazole SZ from breast milk if you are breastfeeding.

Taking other medicines

Do not take Esomeprazole SZ if you are taking the following medicines:

- atazanavir and nelfinavir medicines used to treat viral infections such as HIV
- cilostazol a medicine used to treat intermittent claudication.

Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with Esomeprazole SZ. These include:

- ketoconazole, itraconazole and voriconazole - medicines used to treat fungal infections
- diazepam a medicine used to treat anxiety and some other conditions
- phenytoin a medicine used to treat epilepsy or fits
- citalopram, clomipramine and imipramine - medicines used to treat depression
- St John's Wort a herbal remedy used to treat mood disorders
- clarithromycin and rifampicin medicines used to treat bacterial infections
- warfarin and clopidogrel medicines used to prevent blood clots
- digoxin a medicine used to treat heart conditions
- methotrexate a medicine used to treat arthritis and some types of cancer
- tacrolimus and mycophenolate mofetil medicines used to assist in organ transplants
- erlotinib or related medicines used to treat cancer.

These medicines may be affected by Esomeprazole SZ or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicine or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor can tell you what to do if you are taking any other medicines.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking Esomeprazole SZ.

If you have not told your doctor about any of these things, tell them before you take Esomeprazole SZ.

How to take Esomeprazole SZ

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor and pharmacist carefully.

These instructions may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

If you do not understand the directions on the label, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

How to take it

Take one Esomeprazole SZ enteric-coated tablet each day, unless your doctor has told you otherwise.

The dose of Esomeprazole SZ enteric-coated tablets is usually 20 mg or 40 mg a day depending on what condition you are being treated for and how severe it is.

Swallow Esomeprazole SZ enteric-coated tablet whole with a glass of water. Do not crush or chew the tablets.

If the tablets are chewed or crushed they will not work properly.

If you have difficulty swallowing the tablets:

- Place the tablet in half a glass of noncarbonated water. Mineral water or other liquids are not suitable
- 2. Gently mix the tablet and water by stirring, taking care not to crush the tablet
- 3. Stir until the tablet dissolves into little pellets
- 4. Drink the liquid with the pellets immediately, or within 30 minutes. Do not chew the pellets
- 5. Rinse the glass with half a glass of water and drink

If you cannot swallow at all, follow steps 1-3 above to disperse the tablets and administer the liquid and pellets through a gastric tube.

Take Esomeprazole SZ at about the same time each day.

Keeping a regular time for taking Esomeprazole SZ will help to remind you to take it.

Keep taking Esomeprazole SZ for as long as your doctor recommends.

In most patients, Esomeprazole SZ relieves symptoms rapidly and healing is usually complete within 4 weeks. Continue Esomeprazole SZ for as long as your doctor tells you to.

Esomeprazole SZ can be taken with food or on an empty stomach.

If you forget to take it

If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember, and then go back to taking it as you would normally.

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed.

If you have trouble remembering when to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

Taking too much (overdose)

Telephone your doctor or the Poisons Information Centre (13 11 26) or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital immediately if you think that you or anyone else may have taken too many Esomeprazole SZ. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

While you are taking Esomeprazole

Things you must do

Take Esomeprazole SZ exactly as your doctor has prescribed.

If you are about to be started on any new medicine, tell your doctor, dentist or pharmacist that you are taking Esomeprazole SZ. Tell all doctors, dentists and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking Esomeprazole SZ.

Tell your doctor if you become pregnant while you are taking Esomeprazole SZ.

Tell your doctor if your symptoms return. Although Esomeprazole SZ can heal ulcers successfully, it may not prevent them recurring at a later date.

If you need to have any medical tests while you are taking Esomeprazole SZ, tell your doctor.

It may affect the results of some tests.

Things you must not do

Do not take it to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to. Do not give this medicine to anyone else, even if their symptoms seem similar to yours.

Side effects

Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking Esomeprazole SZ.

All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical treatment if you get some of the side effects.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following and they worry you:

- · nausea or vomiting
- · constipation
- diarrhoea
- headache
- wind
- stomach pain
- · skin rash, itchy skin
- · dizziness
- dry mouth.

These side effects are usually mild.

Tell your doctor immediately if you notice any of the following:

- blurred vision
- mood changes, confusion or depression
- muscle pain or weakness, joint pain
- increase in breast size (males)
- · increased sweating
- · changes in sleep patterns
- fever
- increased bruising
- · "pins and needles"
- hair loss
- tremor
- · blood in the urine
- skin reaction, especially in sun-exposed areas, with joint pain
- muscle twitching or jerking movements
- irregular (fast or slow) heartbeat
- loss of consciousness or awareness

These side effects may require medical attention.

If you notice any of the following happen,

tell your doctor immediately or go to Accident and Emergency at the nearest hospital:

 shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing

- swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body
- severe skin reaction which may include rash, itching, redness, blistering or peeling of the skin
- signs of liver inflammation including yellowing of the skin or eyes, feeling generally unwell, nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite.

These are very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical treatment or hospitalisation.

Occasionally, Esomeprazole SZ may be associated with changes in your liver or blood, which may require your doctor to do certain blood tests.

Tell your doctor if you think you have any of these effects or notice anything else that is making you feel unwell.

Some people may get other side effects while taking Esomeprazole SZ.

Other problems are more likely to arise from the condition itself rather than the treatment.

For this reason, contact your doctor immediately if you notice any of the following:

- pain or indigestion during treatment with Esomeprazole SZ
- · you begin to vomit blood or food
- · you pass black (blood-stained) motions.

Tell your doctor if your reflux symptoms return after your stop taking Esomeprazole SZ.

After taking it

Storage

Keep your Esomeprazole SZ in the blister/HDPE pack until it is time to take them.

If you take Esomeprazole SZ out of the blister/HDPE pack it will not keep well.

Keep it in a cool, dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.

Do not store it or any other medicine in the bathroom or near a sink.

Do not leave it in the car or on a window sill.

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

Disposal

Esomeprazole SZ or the tablets have passed their expiry date, ask your pharmacist what to do with any tablets you have left over.

Product Description

What Esomeprazole SZ looks like

- Esomeprazole SZ 20 mg
 are light pink coloured, oblong,
 biconvex, coated tablets debossed with
 '20' on one side and 'CE' on the other.
- Esomeprazole SZ 40 mg are pink coloured, oblong, biconvex, coated tablets debossed with '40' on one side and 'CE' on the other side.

Ingredients

Active ingredients:

- Esomeprazole SZ 20 mg esomeprazole 20 mg as magnesium trihydrate
- Esomeprazole SZ 40 mg esomeprazole 40 mg as magnesium trihydrate

Inactive ingredients:

- Non Pareil Seeds 40-50
- Icing sugar with maize starch
- Maize starch
- Hyprolose
- Crospovidone
- Light Magnesium oxide
- Purified talc
- Macrogol 6000
- Methacrylic acid ethyl acrylate copolymer (1:1)
- Glyceryl monostearate
- Macrogol 400
- Polysorbate 80
- Hypromellose phthalate
- Microcrystalline cellulose
- Povidone
- Pregelatinised maize starch
- Silicon dioxide
- Hypromellose
- Titanium dioxide
- Iron oxide red
- Iron oxide yellow

This medicine does not contain gluten or lactose. Contains sugars and sulfites.

Supplier/ Distributor

Sandoz Pty Ltd ABN 60 075 449 553 54 Waterloo Road Macquarie Park, NSW 2113

Australia Tel: 1800 726 369

This leaflet was revised in March 2023.

Australian Register Number(s)

20 mg enteric-coated tablet: AUST R

309201(blister pack)

40 mg enteric-coated tablet: AUST R 309200 (blister pack)