

ABISART® Tablets

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The [full CMI](#) on the next page has more details. If you are worried about taking this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

1. Why am I taking ABISART?

ABISART contains the active ingredient irbesartan. ABISART is used to treat high blood pressure and is also used in the treatment of kidney disease in patients with high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes. For more information, see Section [1. Why am I taking ABISART?](#) in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I take ABISART?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to ABISART or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding. For more information, see Section [2. What should I know before I take ABISART?](#) in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with ABISART and affect how it works. A list of these medicines is in Section [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#) in the full CMI.

4. How do I take ABISART?

- Your doctor will tell you how many tablets to take each day. The standard dose is one 150 mg tablet per day. This dose may be increased to a 300 mg once per day.
- Swallow the table whole with a glass of water and take ABISART at about the same time each day.

More instructions can be found in Section [4. How do I take ABISART?](#) in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while taking ABISART?

Things you should do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remind any doctor or dentist you visit that you are taking ABISART.• If you become pregnant or plan to breastfeed while taking ABISART tell your doctor immediately• If you are to be started on any new medicine, tell your doctor and pharmacist you are taking ABISART• If you plan to have surgery that needs a general anaesthetic, tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking ABISART.• Make sure you drink enough water during exercise and hot weather when you are taking ABISART.• If you have excessive vomiting and/or diarrhoea while taking ABISART, tell your doctor.• If you feel lightheaded or dizzy when your dose is increased, tell your doctor immediately
Things you should not do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not stop taking ABISART, or lower the dosage, without checking with your doctor.
Driving or using machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how ABISART affects you. ABISART may cause dizziness or light-headedness in some people. If this occurs do not drive.
Drinking alcohol	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If you drink alcohol, dizziness or light-headedness may be worse.
Looking after your medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Keep ABISART tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C• Keep your tablets in the packaging until it is time to take them

For more information, see Section [5. What should I know while taking ABISART?](#) in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Common side effects: headache, dizziness or light-headedness, unusual tiredness or weakness, fatigue, nausea/vomiting. Serious side effects: swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing; severe and sudden onset of pinkish, itchy swellings on the skin (hives or nettle rash). Common side effects: headache; dizziness or light-headedness (vertigo); unusual tiredness or weakness, fatigue; nausea/vomiting. For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#) in the full CMI.

ABISART® Tablets

Active ingredient(s): irbesartan

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about taking ABISART. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about taking ABISART.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- [1. Why am I taking ABISART?](#)
- [2. What should I know before I take ABISART?](#)
- [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#)
- [4. How do I take ABISART?](#)
- [5. What should I know while taking ABISART?](#)
- [6. Are there any side effects?](#)
- [7. Product details](#)

1. Why am I taking ABISART?

ABISART contains the active irbesartan. ABISART belongs to a group of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin II is a substance produced in the body that causes blood vessels to narrow. ABISART blocks angiotensin-II and therefore widens your blood vessels, making it easier for your heart to pump blood throughout your body. This helps to lower your blood pressure. ABISART also slows the decrease of kidney function in patients with high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes.

ABISART is used to treat high blood pressure, which doctors call hypertension. ABISART is also used in the treatment of kidney disease in patients with high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes.

2. What should I know before I take ABISART?

Warnings

Do not take ABISART if:

- you are allergic to irbesartan, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.
- Always check the ingredients to make sure you can take this medicine.
- you are pregnant (or think you may be pregnant) or are planning to become pregnant.
- you are breast-feeding. It is not known if ABISART passes into breast milk, therefore it is recommended that you not take it while you are breast-feeding
- you have diabetes or have kidney problems and are being treated with medicines that lower blood pressure such as an ACE inhibitor, any medicines containing aliskiren or medicines that belong to a group of medicines known as Angiotensin-II receptor antagonists (medicines also used to treat high blood pressure)

Check with your doctor if you:

- have any other medical conditions
- have had recent excessive vomiting or diarrhoea
- have kidney problems, or you have had a kidney transplant or dialysis
- have heart problems

- have liver problems, or have had liver problems in the past
- have diabetes
- have high levels of potassium in your blood
- are strictly restricting your salt intake
- take any medicines for any other condition
- are pregnant or intend to become pregnant
- if you are breast feeding or plan to breastfeed
- plan to have surgery (even at the dentist) that needs a general anaesthetic
- have allergies to any substances, such as foods, preservatives, or dyes.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#)

Use in children

ABISART should not be given to children.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

- Check with your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant. Do not take ABISART if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.
- Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed. Do not take ABISART if you are breastfeeding.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Tell your doctor if you are taking or plan to take any of the following:

- other medicines to treat high blood pressure
- potassium supplements or, potassium-containing salt substitutes (you may need to have regular blood tests
- diuretics
- medicines containing lithium (you may need to have regular blood tests)
- non-steroidal anti- inflammatory medicine such as diclofenac, ibuprofen) and COX- 2 inhibitors (for example celecoxib) These medicines may be used to relieve pain, swelling and other symptoms of inflammation including arthritis. Taking ABISART and an anti- inflammatory medicine alone or with a thiazide diuretic (fluid tablet) may damage your kidneys. It may also reduce the effect ABISART has on lowering blood pressure.
- medicines taken to treat diabetes such as repaglinide. ABISART might lower your blood glucose levels.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect ABISART.

4. How do I take ABISART?

How much to take

- The usual starting dose is 150 mg tablet once a day. However, some patients may need a lower starting dose. Your doctor will tell you if this is necessary. The full blood pressure lowering effect of ABISART should be reached about 4 to 6 weeks after starting treatment.
- Depending on how your blood pressure responds, your daily dose of ABISART may need to be increased. Most patients take either 150 mg or 300 mg once a day.
- In patients with high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes, 300 mg once a day is the preferred maintenance dose for slowing the progression of associated kidney disease.
- Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you are unsure of the correct dose for you. They will tell you exactly how much to take.
- Follow the instructions provided and take ABISART until your doctor tells you to stop.

When to take ABISART

- Take ABISART at about the same time each day.

How to take ABISART

- Swallow the tablet whole with a glass of water. It does not matter whether you take ABISART tablets before or after food.
- Continue taking ABISART until your doctor tells you to stop.
- To help you remember to take your tablets each day, ABISART tablets are supplied in a Calendar pack with the foil backing marked with the days of the week. This is just a way to help you to remember to take your tablets. All the tablets in the pack are the same.
- When you start a new strip of tablets, take the tablet marked "START" at the end of the blister strip. On the next day, take the tablet marked with the relevant day of the week. Continue taking your tablets each day until all the tablets are taken. Commence the next strip at "START" and continue as before.

If you forget to take ABISART

ABISART should be used regularly at the same time each day. If you miss your dose at the usual time.

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to. Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember, and go back to taking your tablets as you would normally.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose you missed.

If you take too much ABISART

If you think that you have used too much ABISART, you may need urgent medical attention. If you take too many ABISART tablets you will probably feel lightheaded or dizzy.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (by calling 13 11 26), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

If you take too many ABISART tablets you will probably feel lightheaded or dizzy.

5. What should I know while taking ABISART?

Things you should do

- Tell any other doctors, dentists, and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking ABISART
- Tell your doctor immediately if you become pregnant while taking ABISART
- Have your blood pressure checked when your doctor tells you to, to make sure ABISART is working
- If you are about to be started on any new medicine, tell your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking ABISART
- If you plan to have surgery that needs a general anaesthetic, tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking ABISART. Your blood pressure may drop suddenly
- Make sure you drink enough water during exercise and hot weather when you are taking ABISART, especially if you sweat a lot. If you do not drink enough water while taking ABISART, you may faint or feel light-headed or sick. This is because your body does not have enough fluid and your blood pressure is low. If you continue to feel unwell, tell your doctor.
- Tell your doctor if you have excessive vomiting and/or diarrhoea while taking ABISART. You may lose too much water and salt and your blood pressure may drop too much.
- Tell your doctor immediately if you feel lightheaded or dizzy after taking your first dose of ABISART, or when your dose is increased.

Things you should not do

- Do not give ABISART tablets to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you
- Do not take ABISART to treat any other complaints unless your doctor or pharmacist tells you to
- Do not stop taking ABISART, or lower the dosage, without checking with your doctor

Things to be careful of

- If you feel light-headed, dizzy or faint when getting out of bed or standing up, get up slowly.
- Standing up slowly, especially when you get up from bed or chairs, will help your body get used to the change in position and blood pressure. If this problem continues or gets worse, talk to your doctor.

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how ABISART affects you.

As with many other medicines used to treat high blood pressure, ABISART may cause dizziness or light-headedness in some people. If this occurs do not drive.

Make sure you know how you react to ABISART before you drive a car, operate machinery, or do anything else that could be dangerous if you are dizzy or light-headed.

Drinking alcohol

Tell your doctor if you drink alcohol.

If you drink alcohol, dizziness or light-headedness may be worse.

Looking after your medicine

- Keep ABISART tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C
- Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is time to take them

Follow the instructions in the carton on how to take care of your medicine properly.

Store it in a cool dry place away from moisture, heat or sunlight; for example:

- do not store it in the bathroom or near a sink, or
- do not store it in the car or on window sills.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If you no longer need to use this medicine or it is out of date, take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

6. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• headache• dizziness or light-headedness (vertigo)• unusual tiredness or weakness, fatigue• nausea/vomiting• low blood glucose levels• decreased number of red blood cells (anaemia – symptoms include tiredness, headaches, being short of breath when exercising, dizziness and looking pale)	<p>Speak to your doctor if you have any of these less serious side effects and they worry you.</p> <p>They are generally mild and do not normally require treatment to be interrupted.</p>

Serious side effects

Serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• skin rash or itchiness• aching muscles, not caused by exercise• muscle pain or weakness• blood tests may show raised levels of an enzyme that measures the breakdown of muscle (creatine phosphokinase)• buzzing, ringing or other persistent noise in the ear• symptoms that may indicate kidney disease, such as passing little or no urine, drowsiness,	<p>Call your doctor straight away, you may need medical attention</p>

Serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• nausea, vomiting, breathlessness, loss of appetite and weakness• symptoms that may indicate high potassium levels in the blood, such as nausea, diarrhoea, muscle weakness, change in heart rhythm• yellowing of the skin and/or eyes, also called jaundice• symptoms that may indicate liver disease such as nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, feeling generally unwell, fever, itching, yellowing of the skin and eyes and dark coloured urine	
<p>Allergy-related symptoms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing• severe and sudden onset of pinkish, itchy swellings on the skin, also called hives or nettle rash	<p>Stop taking ABISART and call your doctor straight away or go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p>

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

7. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What ABISART contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	Each tablet contains 75 mg, 150 mg or 300 mg of irbesartan
Other ingredients (inactive ingredients)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• croscarmellose sodium• Hypromellose• lactose monohydrate• magnesium stearate• microcrystalline cellulose• colloidal anhydrous silica• OPADRY II OY-LS-28900 White (Proprietary Ingredient No. 107728)

Potential allergens	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sugars (as lactose monohydrate)
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Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What ABISART looks like

ABISART 75 mg tablets: white to off-white, film-coated, oval- shaped, biconvex tablet debossed with "I3" on one side and plain on the other side (Aust R 302142)

ABISART 150 mg tablets: white to off-white, film-coated, oval- shaped, biconvex tablet debossed with "I4" on one side and plain on the other side (Aust R 302143)

ABISART 300 mg tablets: white to off-white, film-coated, oval- shaped, biconvex tablet debossed with "I5" on one side and plain on the other side (Aust R 302144).

Available in blister packs of 30 for all strengths.

Who sponsors ABISART

Sun Pharma ANZ Pty Ltd.
Level 2, 12 Waterloo Road,
Macquarie Park, NSW 2113

Who distributes ABISART

Alphapharm Pty Ltd trading as Viatris
Level 1, 30 The Bond
30-34 Hickson Road
Millers Point NSW 2000
www.viatris.com.au
Phone: 1800 274 276

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