POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX Oral Suspension

Active ingredient(s): posaconazole

Consumer Medicine Information

This leaflet provides important information about using POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX. You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX.

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- 1. Why am I using POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX?
- 2. What should I know before I use POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX?
- 3. What if I am taking other medicines?
- 4. How do I use POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX?
- 5. What should I know while using POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX?
- 6. Are there any side effects?
- 7. Product details

1. Why am I using POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX?

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX contains the active ingredient posaconazole. POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX is a medicine that belongs to the triazole group of antifungals.

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX is used to kill or stop the growth of fungi that can cause infections.

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX Oral Suspension is used for:

- The treatment of invasive aspergillosis, a fungal infection caused by a fungus called aspergillus
- The treatment of other serious fungal infections called fusariosis, zygomycosis, chromoblastomycosis and mycetoma.

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX Oral Suspension is also used to treat superficial fungal infections of the mouth and throat called oropharyngeal candidiasis.

These types of fungal infections usually occur in some patients who may have lowered resistance to infection due to poor immunity.

Treatment of these serious fungal infections with POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX is usually reserved for patients who do not respond to or cannot tolerate other medicines used to treat these types of fungal infections.

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX is also used to treat coccidioidomycosis, a rare and serious fungal infection.

POSACONAZOLE SUSPENSION ARX is also used to prevent fungal infections, such as yeasts and moulds, from occurring in patients who are at high-risk of developing these infections.